Chapter 01 Land & People

1) bridge; contrast
2) conflict; culture
3) century; beginnings
4) tolerance; fear
5) ethnic; history

2
1) F  2) T  3) F  4) T  5) T

3
(略)

Chapter 02 Values & Attitudes

1)
1) B  2) D  3) C  4) A  5) C

2)
1) Organizing after-school religion lessons.
2) Because Poles are extremely sensitive to foreign opinions on them.
3) Because of the existence of glass ceiling.
4) Big cities enjoy economic growth while small villages suffer from the hardships.
5) They adopt negative attitudes toward those in authority.

Chapter 03 Customs & Festivals

1) holiday; feast
2) tradition; appearance
3) dead; members
4) guest; ancestors
5) age; calendar

2) They can have a break from boring winter, work or upcoming exams.
2) They begin their feasting with a massive breakfast.
3) On Easter Monday, Smigus Dynyus in Polish.
4) To use them to predict one’s future.
5) To escape for a spring break and enjoy the spring sunshine.

3) (略)
Chapter 04 Making Friends

1) C  2) D  3) C  4) B

2) T  2) T  3) F  4) F  5) T

3) (略)

Chapter 05 At Home

1) F  2) T  3) T  4) T  5) F

2) 1) They need financial assistance from their children.
   2) Most middle-aged Poles.
   3) Because of high employer contribution and bureaucracy.
   4) To target deficiencies in the old system.
   5) Working longer hours, having better financial position and living less traditional lives.

3) (略)
Chapter 06 Time Out

1
1) mountains; empty
2) at home; credit
3) regulations; advertise
4) times; dangers
5) love; enthusiasts

2
1) Smoking in Poland is not so severely restricted.
2) Tea, coffer, beer and wine.
3) Lower ticket price with opera and ballet companies subsidized.
4) National parks and historical sites.
5) The wind, waves and unpredictable weather.

3
(略)

Chapter 07 Travel, Health, & Safety

1
1) requirements; changes
2) commuter; speed
3) signs; countries
4) fined; inspectors
5) way; reviews
Chapter 08  Business Briefing

1) D  2) C  3) A  4) B  5) B

2) The various regulations are vague, contradictory and changeable.
   2) Keeping the guest waiting and sitting behind their desk.
   3) Business is going well.
   4) Good communication with their Polish colleagues or subordinates.
   5) As general guidelines more than a legally binding document.

3) (略)

Chapter 09  Communicating

1) T  2) T  3) F  4) F  5) F
1) English, German and French lessons.
2) Joking about Poland.
3) Because Polish word “no” means “hmmm,” “yean,” “well” or “really”.
4) Money orders, phone cards and currency exchange.
5) Copernicus, Marie Curie, Frederic Chopin, etc.